

This section examines foreign postal use of the Jamestown issue demonstrating the extensive level of world-wide personal and commercial correspondence during the first decade of the 20th century. The material is presented by classification and rates almost exclusively prescribed by Universal Postal Union conventions, followed by fee based services. Foreign mail matter was divided into **five classes: Letters, Postal/Post cards, Commercial Papers, Printed Matter and Samples of Merchandise.**



Letters: 5¢ per 1 oz.
New York, NY Sep 29 1908 12pm – Germiston, South Africa Oct 29, 1908

Classification & Rate

Universal Postal Union		1902	1907*	Weight Limit
Letters:	Sealed			
		Letter		
		5¢ per 1/2oz	5¢ first oz	None
		5¢ add'l 1/2oz	3¢ add'l oz	
Postal Cards:				
		2¢	2¢	
		4¢ (2¢ each side)	4c (2¢ each side)	
Commercial Papers:				
	Unsealed			
		5¢ per 10oz or frac.		4 lbs 6 oz
		1¢ per add'l 2 oz or frac.		
Printed Matter:				
	Unsealed			
		1¢ per 2oz or frac.		4 lbs 6 oz
Samples of Merchandise:				
	Unsealed			
		2¢ per 4oz or frac.		12 oz
		1¢ per add'l 2 oz or frac.		

* Effective Oct 1 1907
Unless noted, UPU rates and classifications are the same for countries outside the UPU.
UPU Currency Conversion: French Centimes: 1-cent (US) = 5 Centime (Fr.)

UPU letters to foreign destinations were sealed against inspection. Letters postage, initially rated by half-ounce equivalents, changed to a full-ounce split rate in 1907. Letters attached/combined with parcels had no weight limits.



Letters: 5¢ per ½ oz.
Washington, DC Jul 14 1908 7pm – Milan Italy Jul 25, 1907



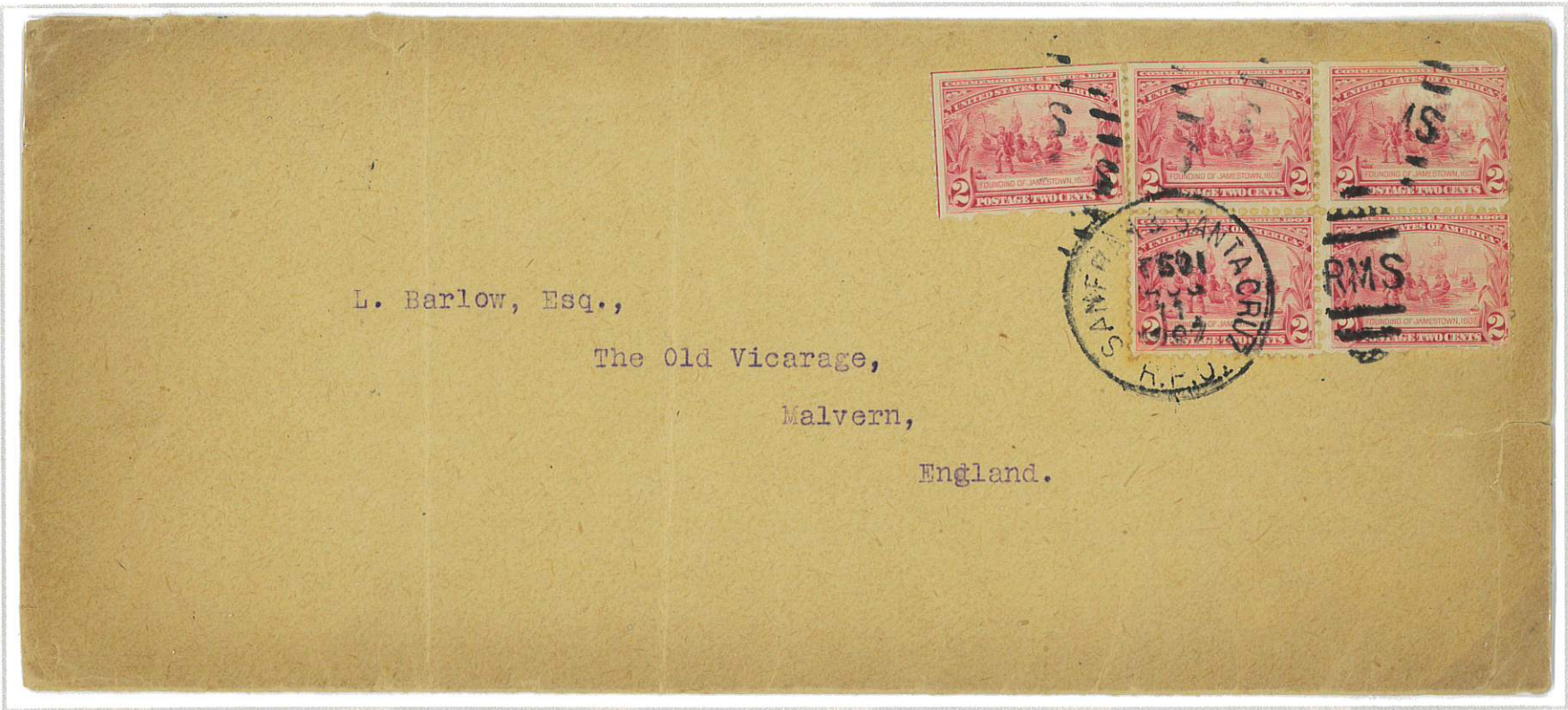
Letters: 5¢ per ½ oz., Two times
Nantucket, RI Jun 26 1907 7:30pm – Portscharch, Austria



Letters: 5¢ per 1oz. Hoboken, NJ Apr 25, 1908 – Kusnacht Switzerland May 9 1908



Letters: 5¢ per 1oz., New York, NY Jun 21, 1907 – Kingston, Jamaica B.W.I.



Letters: 5¢ per ½ oz., Two times, San Francisco & Santa Cruz RPO, CA, - Malvern, England



Letters: 5¢ per ½ oz, 1¢ Overpaid Convenience
Asbury Park, NJ Aug 30 1907 – Rio De Janeiro Sep 23 1907

Section 5. Postal Rates & Fees - Universal Postal Union

1907 Rome Convention Rates Effective Oct. 1, 1907

Letters: 5¢ first full oz, 3¢ each add'l oz



Letters: 5¢ first oz, 3¢ add'l oz., Two times

Chillicothe, Ohio Nov 9 1907 5:50pm – Bussum, Holland Nov 19 1907



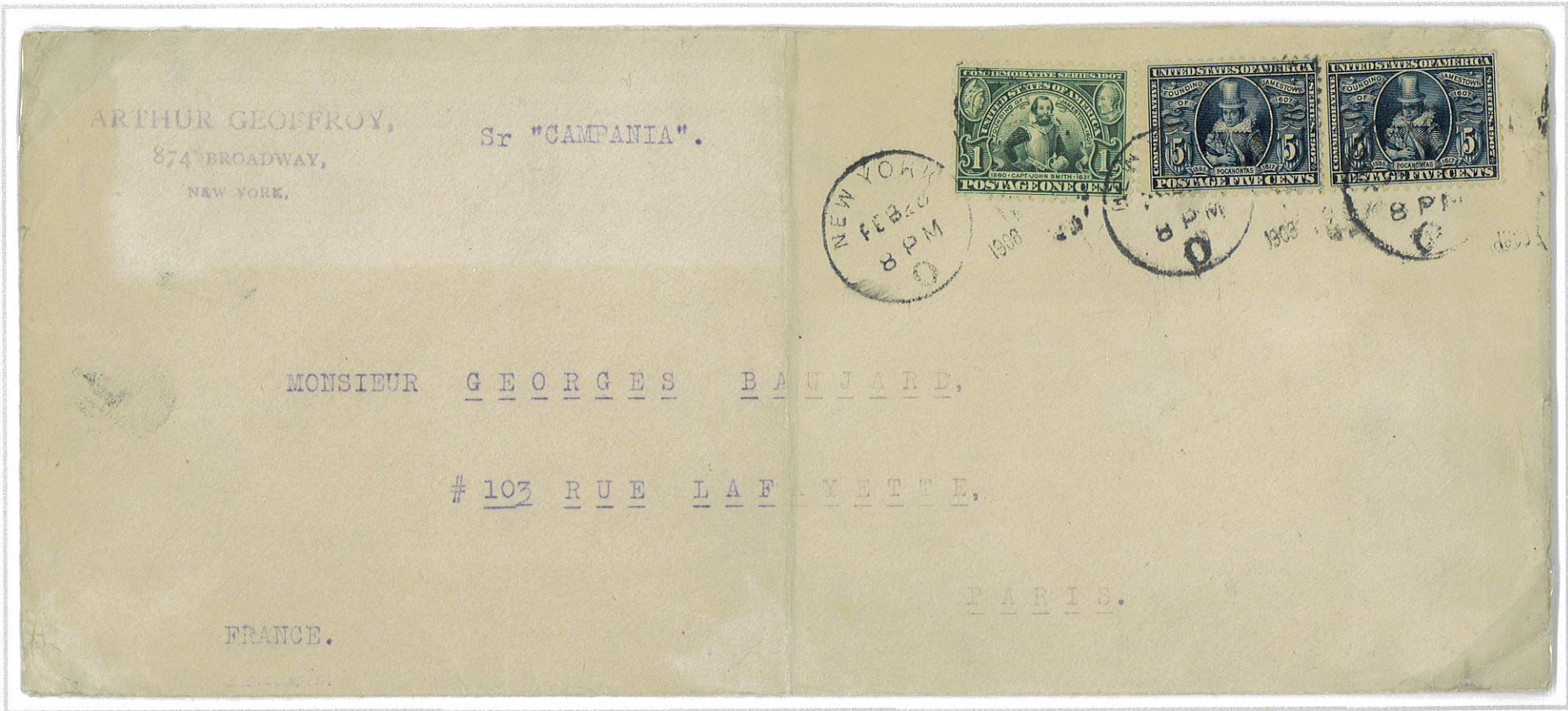
Letters: 5¢ per oz., 3¢ add'l oz., Two times

City Point, VA Feb 10, 1908 pm - - Hong Kong Mar 9, 1908



Letters: 5¢ per full oz. 3¢ add'l oz., Two times

New York, NY Dec 16 1907 2:30pm – Zurich, Switzerland



Letters: 5¢ per oz., 3¢ add'l oz., Three times

New York, NY Feb 28, 1908 8pm - Paris, France

Section 5. Postal Rates & Fees - Universal Postal Union

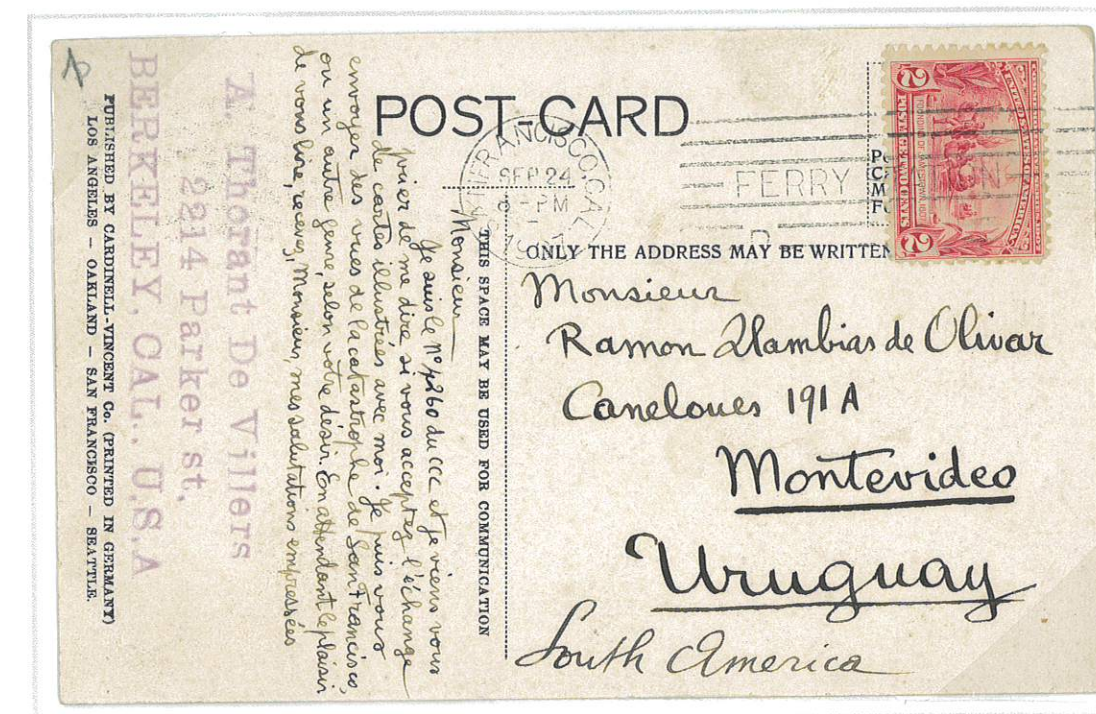
Postal / Post Cards

Post or postal cards must bear the heading "Carte Postale" in French or the equivalent in another language. Card dimensions must not exceed 9 x 14 centimeters. Postage stamps may be affixed to the upper right of the face.



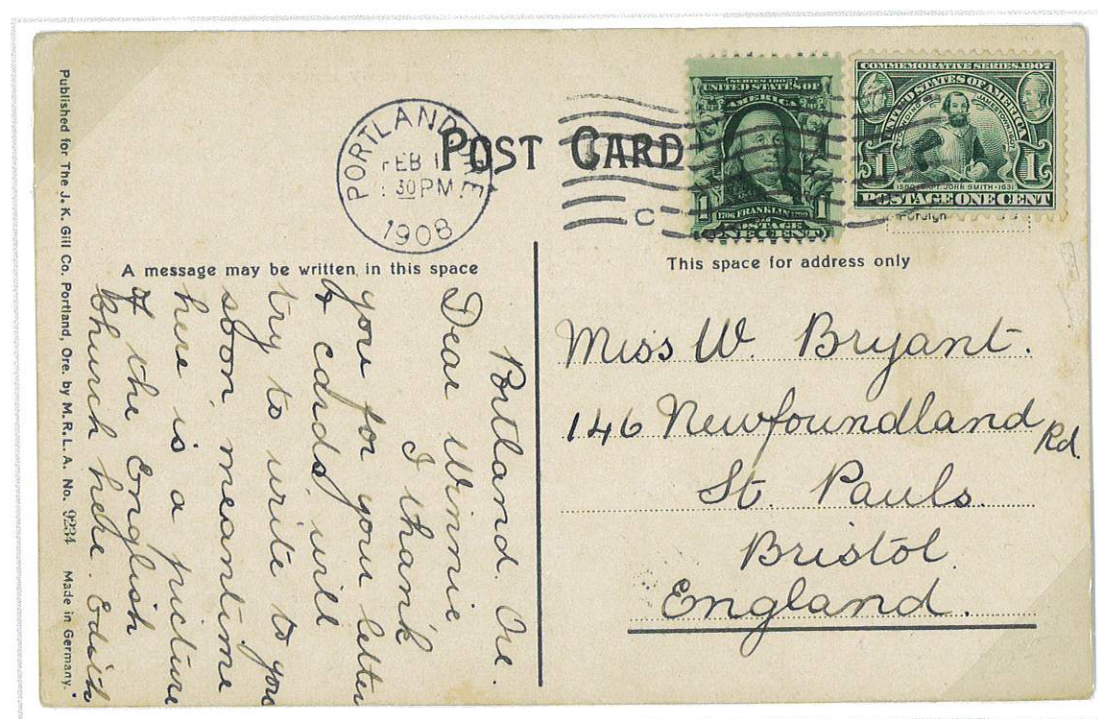
Post Card: 2¢

San Francisco, Cal Nov 4, 1907 8:30pm – West Guildford, Western Australia



Post Card: 2¢

San Francisco, Cal Sep 24 1907 9pm – Montevideo, Uruguay



Postal Card: 2¢

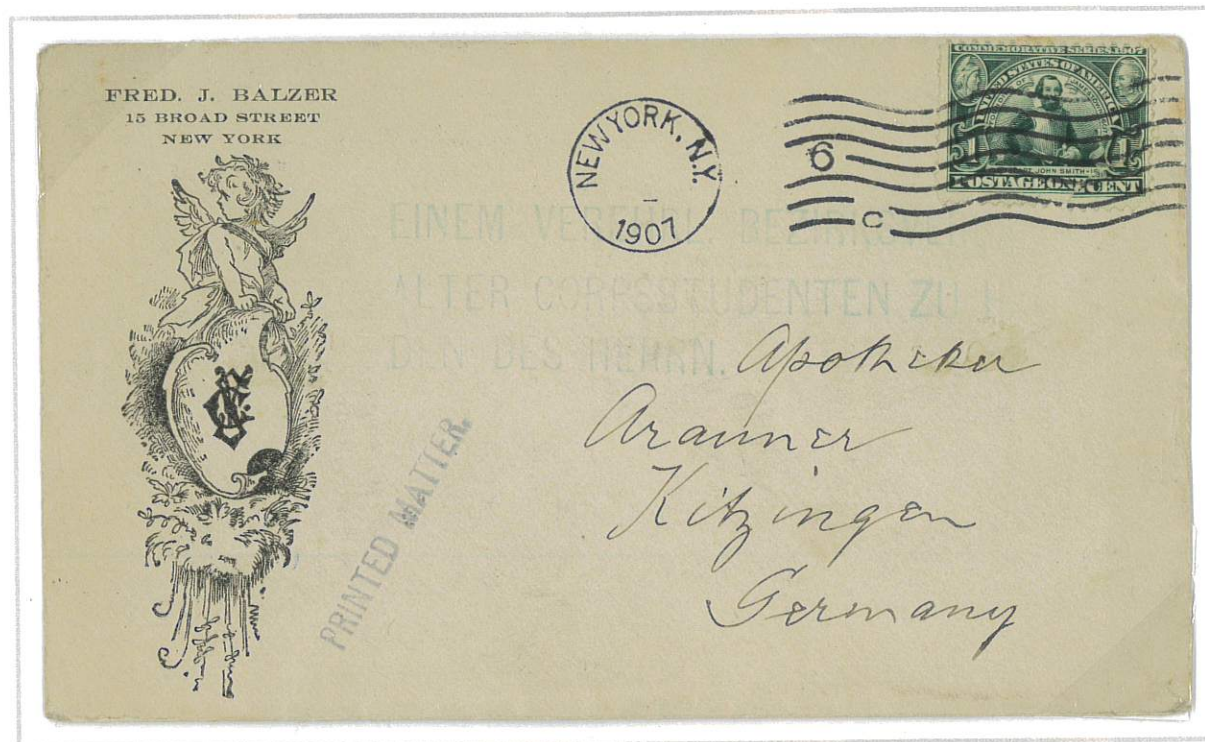
Portland, Ore Feb 1, 1907 – Bristol, England



Postal Card: 2¢

New York, NY Sep 22 1907 5:30pm – St. Gall, Switzerland Oct 2 1907

Printed matter includes newspapers, periodicals, books, pictures, photographs, and generally, all impressions on paper or cardboard by means of printing, engraving, lithographing or any other mechanical process. Printed matter must not contain any letter or manuscript of personal correspondence; and must be open to easy examination



Printed Matter: 1¢ per 2oz., Two times New York, NY – Kitzingen, Germany



Printed Matter: 1¢ per 2oz., Eight Times (16 oz.) New York, NY – Kusnacht, Zurich, Switzerland



Printed Matter: 1¢ per 2oz.

San Francisco, Cal Jul 24 1907
 – Warsaw, Poland (Russia) Aug 27 1907



reverse

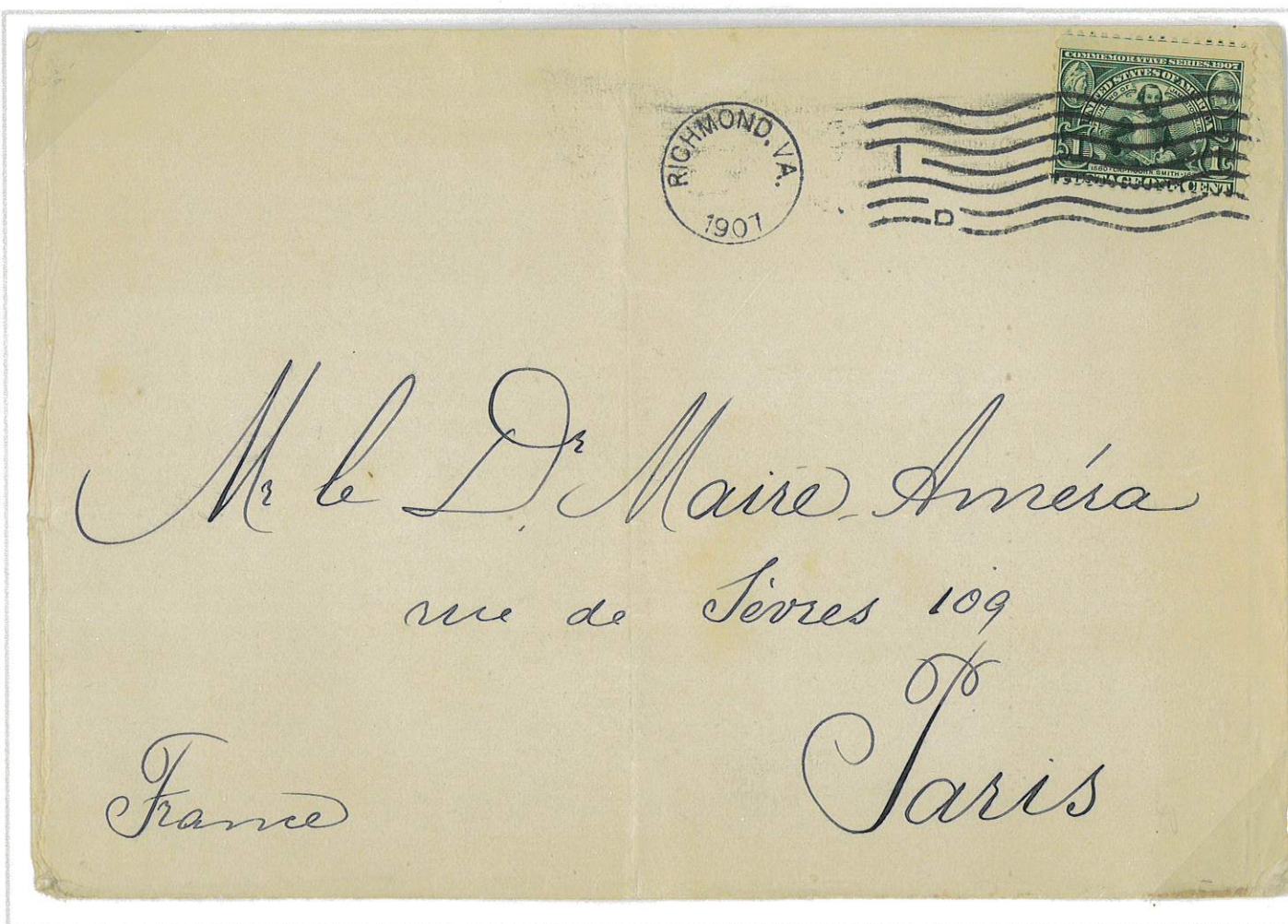


Printed Matter: 1¢ per 2oz., Boston, Mass Jun 27, 1907 – Vienna, Austria Jul 9 1907



Printed Matter: 1¢ per 2oz, Two times (Multiple Photo cards)

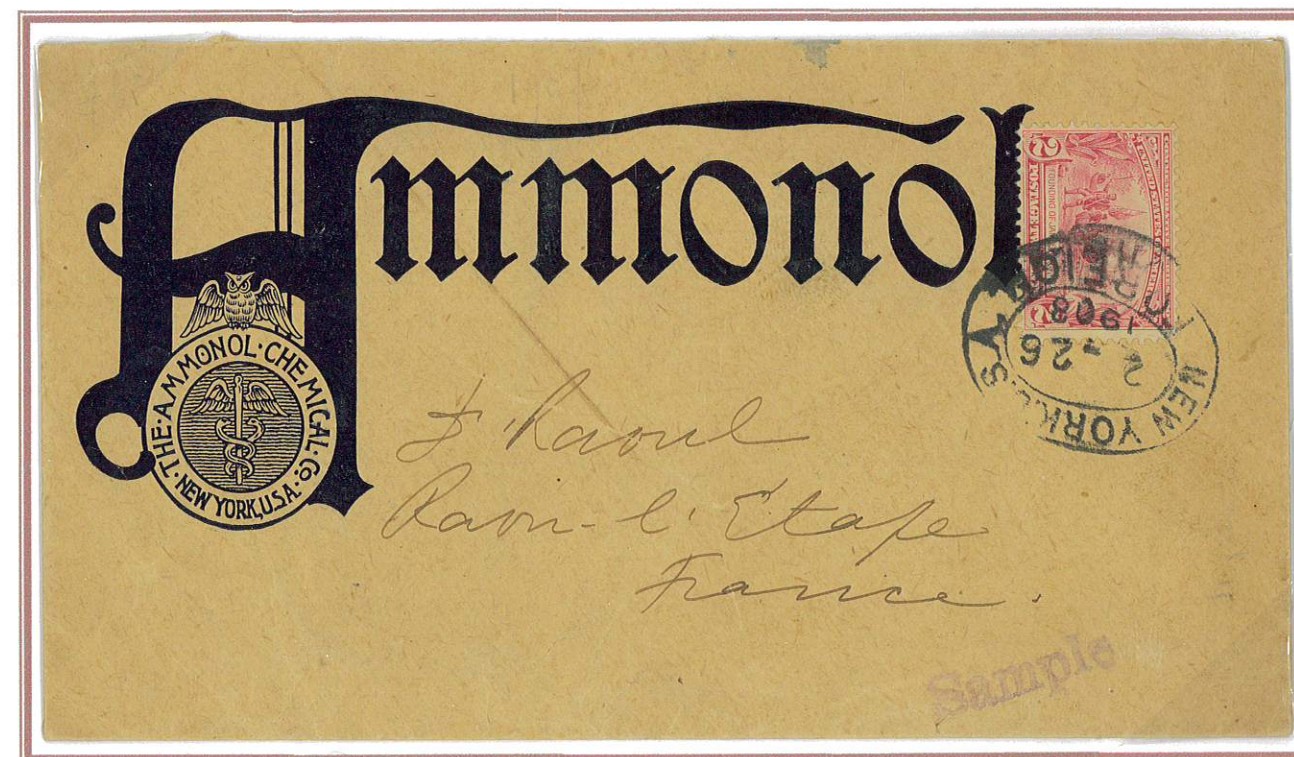
Washington, DC Aug 16 1907 - Viborg, Denmark Aug 26 1907



Printed Matter: 1¢ per 2oz

Richmond, VA - Paris, France

Samples of merchandise must confirm to the following conditions: 1. They must be placed in bags, boxes or removable envelopes in such manner to admit of easy inspection. 2. They must not have any salable value, nor bear any manuscript. 3. Packages of samples must not exceed 350 grams (12 ounces) in weight. 1902 PL&R, Sec 529



Samples: 2¢ per 4oz or frac., 1¢ per add'l 2 oz or frac, Two times

New York, NY Feb 26, 1908 - Raon l'Étape, France

Registry service provided greater security for mail matter and also provided a financial indemnity for loss, rifling, or damage. All registered matter to or from foreign countries, or in transit through the United States was postmarked at exchange offices with the date of dispatch or receipt. If requested, a receipt of delivery was provided free of charge.



A Registry Exchange label bearing the letter “R,” the words “United States of America,” the name of the exchange office and its exchange number must be attached to every United States registered letter or parcel sent to foreign countries except Canada and Cuba. 1902 PL&R Sec. 957.2

Letters: 5¢ per ½ oz.), **Registry Fee:** 8¢
New York, NY Nov 23 1907 – Condove, Italy

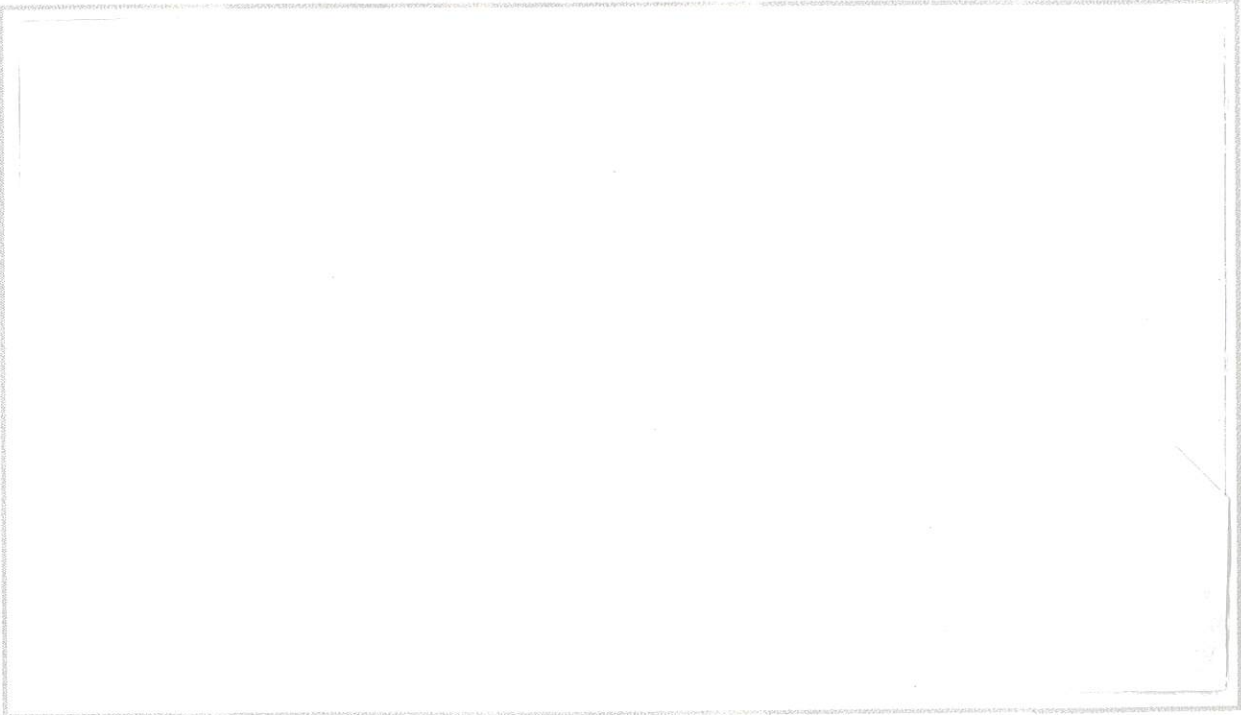


Letters: 5¢ per ½ oz.)
Registry Fee: 8¢
Avon By the Sea, NJ May 21 1907
– Birmingham, England

Registry Fee Effective	7/1 1902	11/1 1909
Registry w/ Indemnity ≤ \$25	0.08	
Registrv w/ Indemnity < \$50		0.10



Letters: 5¢ per oz. plus 3¢ per add'l oz.,
Registry Fee: 8¢
New Haven, Conn Jan 6 1908 – New York, NY Jan 1 - Wien, Austria Jan 16 1908



Letters: 5¢ per ½ oz.)
Registry Fee: 8¢
Milwaukee, Wis May 24 1907 – New York, NY May 26 - Paramaribo, Dutch Guyana

Section 6. Postal Rates & Fees - Possession, Territory & Treaty

Possession

Since 1872, Domestic mail classifications and rates were extended to cover mail to and from the United States and its Possessions, including the Canal Zone and Philippine and Pacific islands, and Territories and Districts, including Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and Hawaii. Mail from those areas to foreign destination was subject to UPU classifications and rates as if mailed from the continental United States since 1875.

Philippine Islands

Established Nov 24, 1899

The American Philippines Postal Service was established July 30, 1898 after the War with Spain. U.S. Domestic postage rates on mail using U.S. stamps postmarked from the Philippine Islands applied between the Islands and the U.S. mainland, territories and possessions.



First Class Letter: 2¢ per oz, Two times
Registry Fee: 8¢

New York, NY Sta. P Oct 22 1907 – Seattle, WA Oct 27
 – Manila, Philippine Isl Dec 6 1907

First Class Letter: 2¢ per oz, Two times
Registry Fee: 8¢ (1¢ Overpaid)

Milwaukee, WI May 27 1907 – New York, NY May 29
 – Ancon, CZ Jun 8 1907

Canal Zone

Established June 2, 1904

Mail to and from the Canal Zone subject to domestic classification. POD Order 551 June 2, 1904

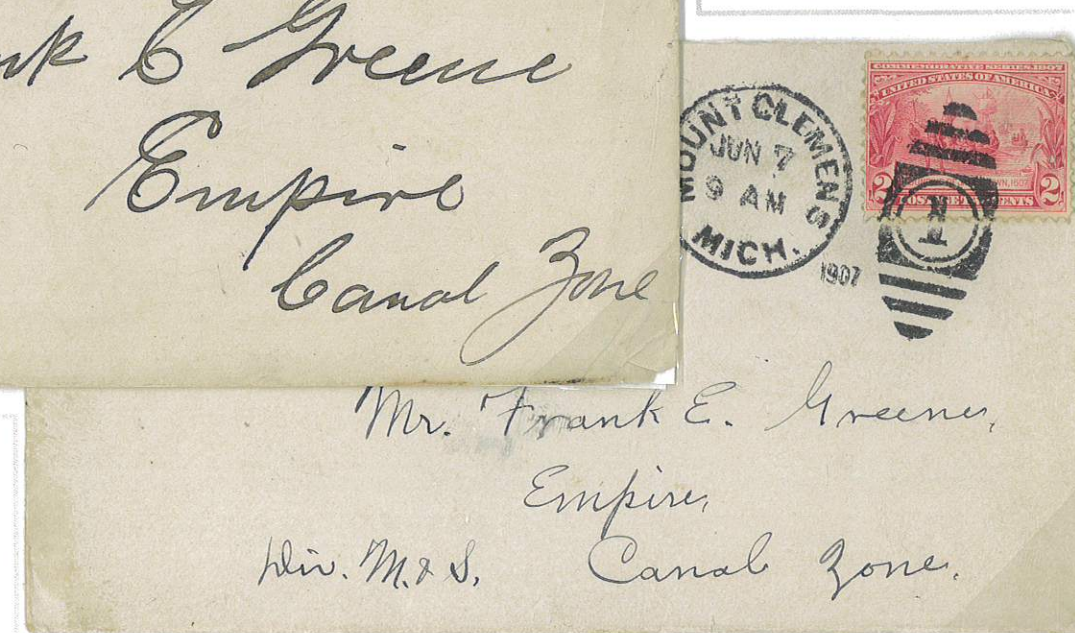


First-Class Letter: 2¢

Detroit, Mich May 7 1907 5:30pm
 – Empire, Canal Zone May 14 1907

First Class Letter: 2¢ per oz

Mount Clemens, Mich Jun 7 1907 9am
 – Empire, Canal Zone Jun 16 1907

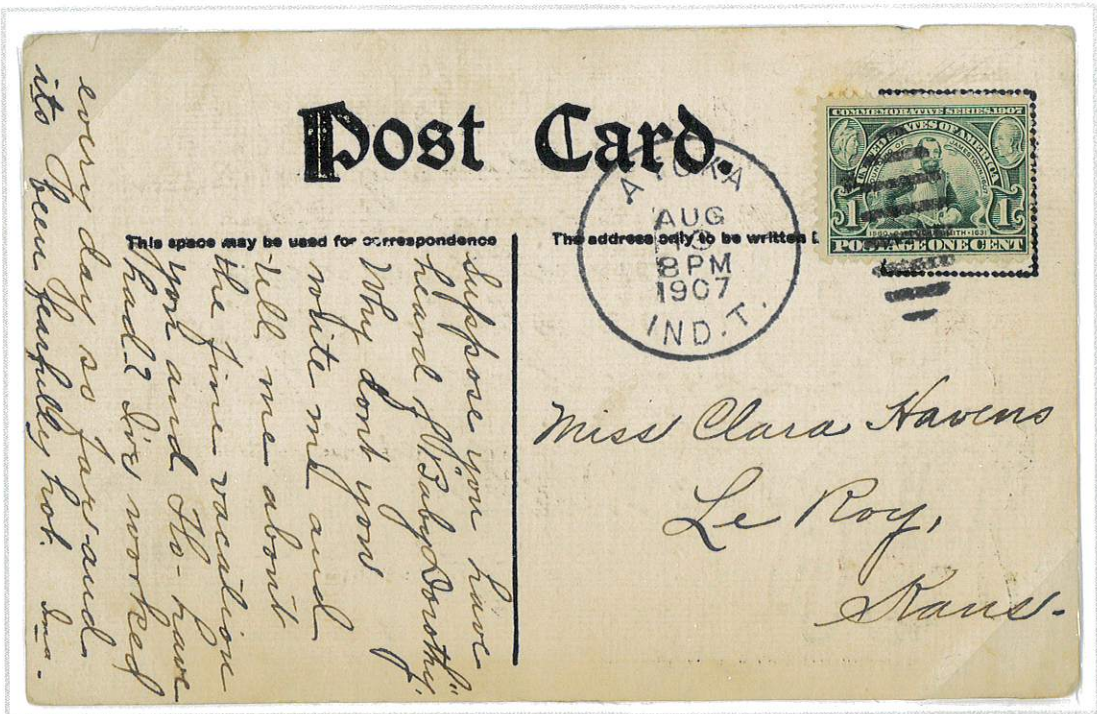


Oklahoma Territory
Established Jun 30, 1834



UPU Letter: 5¢ per oz
Oklahoma City, Okla Au 22 1907 – Davos Platz, Switzerland

Indian Territory, Oklahoma
Established Mar 12, 1862



Post Card: 1¢
Atoka, IndT Aug 13 1907 8pm – Le Roy, Kan

Arizona Territory
Established May 12, 1862

Post Card: 2¢
Globe, AZ Jun 30 1907 –
Vestervik, Sweden Jul 15 1907



Post Card: 1¢
Globe, AZ Jun 15, 1907
– Manchester, Iowa



First-Class Letter: 2¢ per oz
Bisbee, AZ May 15 1907
– Santa Fe, NM

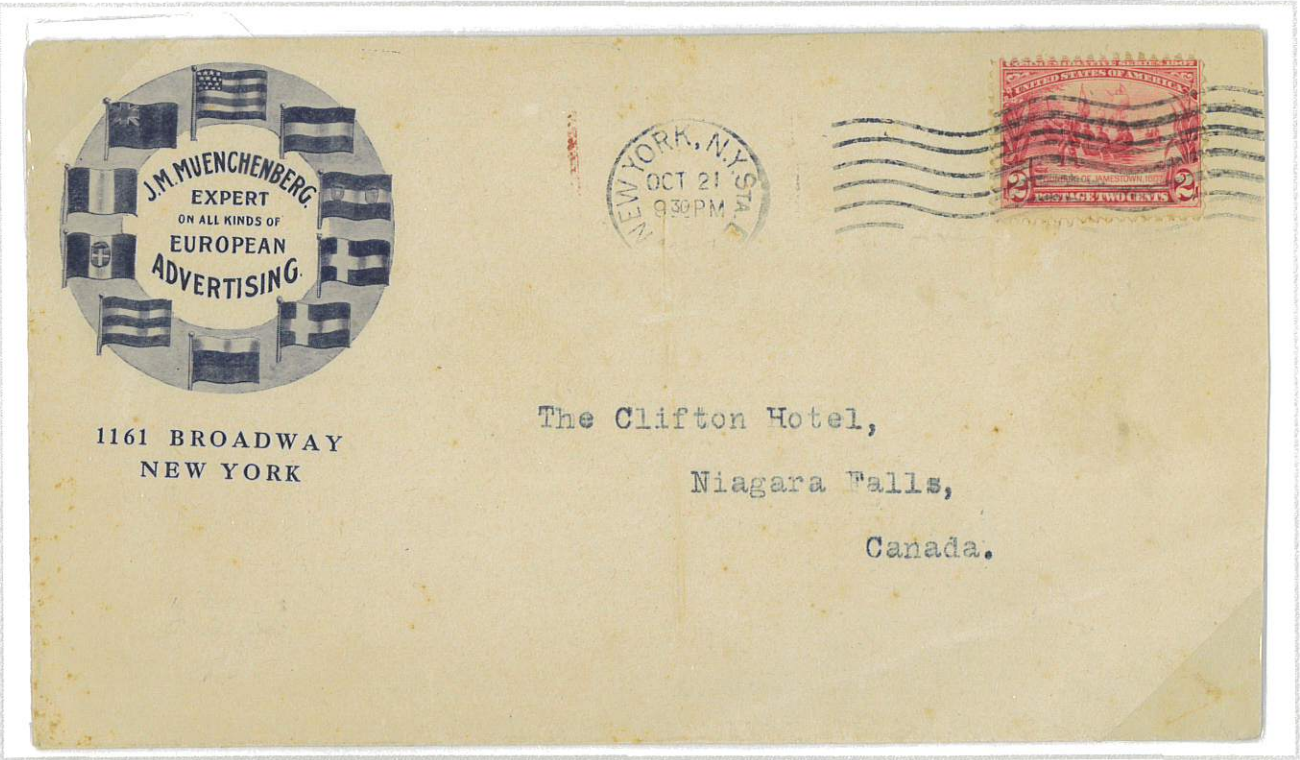
The Postmaster General, by and with the advice and consent of the President, may **negotiate and conclude postal treaties** or conventions, and may reduce or increase the rates of postage on mail matter conveyed between the United States and foreign countries - Act of Congress Jun 8, 1872. **By 1907, postal treaties existed between the U.S. and Canada, Mexico, & Cuba**

Articles of mail matter for **Canada, Cuba and Mexico** are classified and admitted into the mails at the same rates of postage and in all respects according to the domestic regulations of the United States; and mails from Canada, Cuba and Mexico will be received and delivered as domestic mails. 1902 PL&R Sec. 532,533 & 534

Canada
Effective Feb 1, 1875



Post Card: 1¢
Madison Sq. Sta., NY Jul 19 1907
12am – St. Johns New Brunswick,
Canada

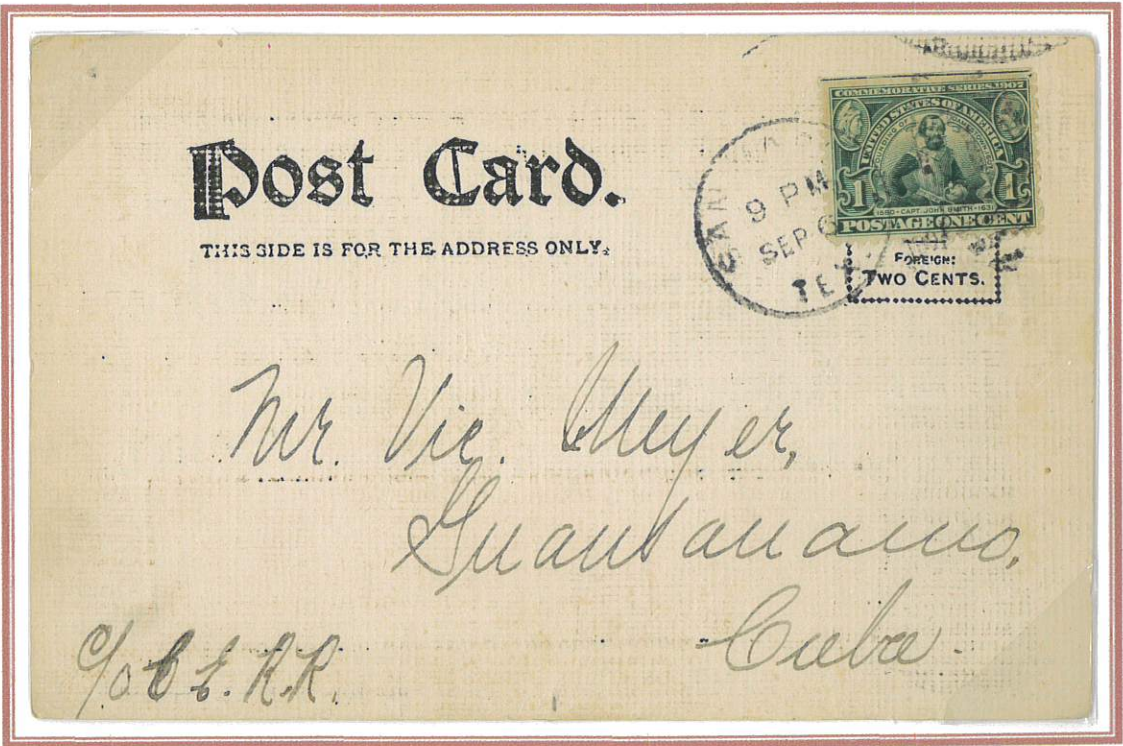


First-Class Letter: 2¢ per oz.
New York, NY Sta. E Oct 31 1907 9:30pm – Niagara Falls, Canada Oct 23 1907



First-Class Letter: 2¢ per oz. Registry Fee: 8¢
Watsonville, Cal Aug 1, 1907 – Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada Aug 9 1907

Cuba
Effective Jul 1 1887



First-Class Post Card: 1¢ San Antonio, Tex Sep 6 1907 9pm – Guantanamo, Cuba

Mexico

Effective Jul 1 1887

Post Card: 1¢Paterson, NJ Oct 12, 1907 7:30am
– Aguas Calientes, Mexico**First-Class Letter: 2¢**Warsaw, Ind Nov 2, 1907 11am
– Mexico City D.F., Mexico**First-Class Letter: 2¢**

San Antonio Tex Jun 9 1907 2:30am – Coahuila, Mexico Jun 10 1907

U.S. Postal Agency, Shanghai, China

The Shanghai Postal Agency, founded Jun. 10. 1867 under direction of the U.S. Consul General operated in cooperation with the Chinese Imperial Post Office. While U.S. Domestic rates applied on all mail between the U.S. and the Agency; mail passing through to foreign destination was subject to UPU classifications and rates.

**Post Card: 1¢ (Overpaid)**

New York, NY Oct 26 1907 – Shanghai, China / US Agency Shanghai Local Post Dec 6 1907

**Post Card: 2¢ (UPU)**

Canajoharie, NY Sep 17 7pm – Seoul, Korea via US Agency Shanghai Oct 18 – Seoul Oct 25 1907